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# SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### IN GENERAL

When using rotating head cutting equipment, basic safety precautions should always be followed to reduce the risk of personal injury.

Operate this tool only in accordance with specific operating instructions.

Do not override the deadman switch on the power unit. Locking down, ob-WARNING: structing, or in any way defeating the deadman switch on the power drive unit may result in serious injury.

### DRESS CONSIDERATIONS

Use standard safety equipment. Hard hats, safety shoes, safety harnesses, protective clothes, and other safety devices should always be used when appropriate.

Use safety glasses. Do not operate cutting tools without eye protection.

Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. They can be caught in rotating and moving parts. Avoid slippery floors or wear nonskid footwear. If you have long hair, wear protective hair covering to contain it.

### **WORK AREA**

Keep the work area clean. Cluttered work areas and benches invite injuries.

Consider the work area environment. Keep the area well lit. Keep electrical cords, cables, rags, rigging straps, and etc. clear of rotating equipment. Do not use powercutting tools in the presence of flammable liquids and gasses.

Keep visitors away. Do not let visitors or untrained personnel at or near operating tools. Enforce eye protection requirements for all observers.

Do not over reach. Keep proper footing at all times.

Stay alert. Watch what you are doing. Use common sense. Do not operate tools when you are tired.

### **TOOL CARE**

Maintain tools with care. Keep tools in good operating condition. Sharp tool bits perform better and safer than dull tool bits. Well maintained tools function properly when needed.

Check for damaged parts. If a tool has malfunctioned, been dropped or hit, it must be checked for damage. Run no-load tests and feed function checks. Do a complete visual inspection.

Electric motors. Use only with proper AC voltage power sources and observe all normal electric shock hazard procedures.

Do not abuse power and control cords. Pulling or running over cords and cables can result in electrical shock hazards and malfunctions. Keep control and power cords out of all cutting fluids and water.

Hydraulic drives. Observe proper procedures for electrically driven power sources. Avoid damage to hydraulic lines. Keep quick-disconnects clean. Grit contamination causes malfunctions.

Air tools. Check the exhaust muffler. Broken or damaged mufflers can restrict air flow or cause excessive noise. Use air motors only with a filtered, lubricated and regulated air supply. Dirty air, low-pressure air or over pressure air will cause malfunctions, including delayed starting.

### AREA EQUIPMENT

Secure work. Whenever possible use clamps, vises, chains and straps to secure pipe.

Make sure the tool is secured; it is safer to have both hands free to operate the tool.

### **TOOL USE**

Use the right tool and tool bit for the job. Do not use a tool, which is incorrect for the job you are doing.

Keep the tool bits fully engaged in the tool bit holders. Loose bits are a safety hazard.

Disconnect power supply during setup and maintenance. Use all 'Stop' or Shut off' features available when changing or adjusting tool bits, maintaining the tool, or when the tool is not in use.

Remove adjusting keys and wrenches before applying power to the equipment. Develop a habit of checking the tool before turning it on to make sure that all keys and wrenches have been removed.

Do not force tools. Tools and tool bits function better and safer when used at the feed and speed rate for which they were designed.

Do not reach into rotating equipment. Do not reach into the rotating head stock to clear chips, to make adjustments, or to check surface finish. A machine designed to cut steel will not stop for a hand or an arm.

Handle chips with care. Chips have very sharp edges and are hot. Do not try to pull chips apart with your hands; they are very tough.

Avoid unintentional starts. Do not carry or handle tools with your hand on the operating switches or levers. Do not lay the tool down in a manner that will start the drive. Do not allow the tool to flip around or move when adjusting or changing tool bits.

Store idle tools properly. Disconnect tools from the power source and store in a safe place. Remove tool bits for safe handling of the tool.

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# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The Model 636SB Low-Profile Clamshell [(P/N 01-1307 with two Air Motors) and (P/N 01-1308 with two Hydraulic Motors)] is a split-frame pipe lathe designed for severing and beveling in-line pipe with a minimum range of 32" through 36" pipe with minimal radial and axial clearance.

Using Standard Tool Blocks the Model 636SB may be configured to perform the following operations:

Sever in-line pipe.

Sever and bevel in-line pipe.

Sever and double bevel in-line pipe.

### DESIGN AND OPERATING FEATURES

The easily adjustable precision bearing surfaces pre-load and stabilize the rotating head to provide long life, low maintenance, stability, and precision.

The Clamshell splits into two halves for mounting on closed loop systems.

All parts are secured to the two halves, thus avoiding the loss of parts and at the same time providing maximum ease of handling.

The Clamshell is equipped with Adjustable Clamping Pads and Jackscrews for outof-round pipe conditions.

Dual Tool Blocks with Auto-feed Sprockets and Adjustable Slides provide maximum maintainability, life, and operator safety, with a minimum of operator training.

The Auto-feed Sprockets provide .004" (.10 mm) of radial feed per revolution of the Headstock for a controlled depth of cut.

The drive gears and bearing surfaces are covered for operator safety and are shielded to provide protection from dust and chips.

The operator's controls are located away from the rotating Headstock for the operator's safety.

A modular design concept provides quick, easy maintenance and maximum versatility in the drive and tooling options.

Two detachable Motors provide maximum handling ease and low axial clearance.

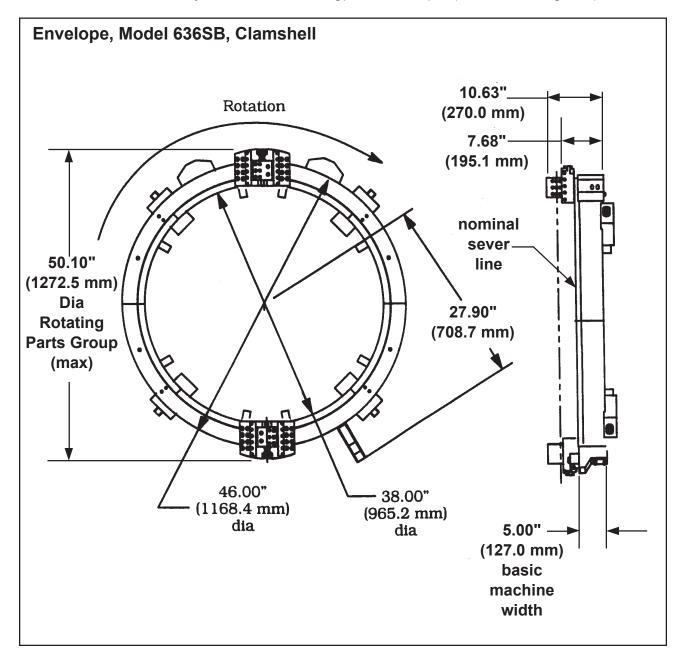
# **SPECIFICATIONS**

Model 636SB Clamshell.

Weight: 575 lbs. (260 kg) without the Motors attached.

### Power Requirements:

with dual Air Motors, 150 cfm at 90 psi (71 lt/s at 6.3 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>) with dual Hydraulic Motors, 20 gpm at 1250 psi (71 lt/s at 87 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>)



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CUTTING CAPACITIES ON 32" THROUGH 36" PIPE				
Note: Capacity may exceed the maximum wall thickness for small pipe sizes				
Severing with standard procedures 2.50" Wall (63.5 mm)				
Severing and single beveling 1.25" Wall (31.8 mm)				
Severing and double beveling 1.25" Wall (31.8 mm)				
Severing and beveling 2.00" Wall (50.8 mm)				

CLEARANCES				
Rotating parts diameter 50.10" (1272.5 mm)				
Main Frame diameter 46.00" (1168.4 mm)				
Axial clearance required relative to center-line of the cut:				
Mounting side 7.68" (195.1 mm)				
Side opposite of the frame 1.56" (39.6 mm)				

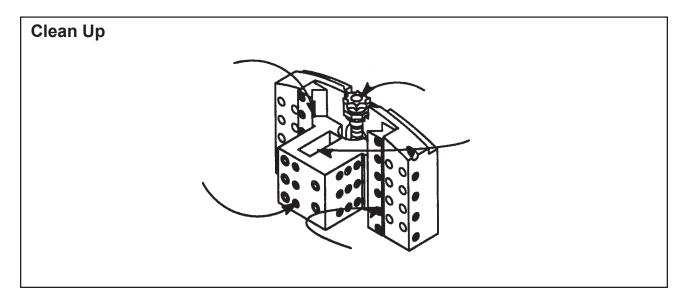
Radial Clearance Over The Pipe or Tube					
Pipe Size True Diameter Clearance Tool Blocks					
36"	36.00"	914.4 mm	7.05"	179.1 mm	
34"	34.00"	863.6 mm	7.05"	179.1 mm	
32"	32.00"	812.8 mm	7.05"	179.1 mm	

# **MAINTENANCE**

All components should be cleaned and coated with a light film of oil prior to use. Use a clean, non-detergent oil, preferable SAE 10 (90 SSU) or lighter.

NOTE:

The Motor warranty is void if damage occurs from a contaminated air supply or contaminated hydraulic fluid.



If the Clamshell is operated in such a manner that the Tool Blocks collect debris while cutting, the Tool Blocks and the Feed Screws should be cleaned after each cutting operation.

### RECOMMENDED MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Daily maintenance when the unit is in operation:

Wipe the unit down and spray with rust preventative under severe humidity conditions.

Visually inspect for loose screws, missing screws, damage, etc.

After every 20 hours of actual operation:

Check adjustment of the Main Bearing pre-load.

Lubricate the male and female Tool Block Slides and the Feed Screw. Refer to Tool Block Maintenance located later in this section.

After every 40 hours of actual operation:

Thoroughly clean and lubricate Main Gear, Drive Gear, male and female Tool Slides, Feed Screws, and Tripper Block Assy.

Non-scheduled maintenance:

Readjust the Main Bearing pre-load if the Clamshell generates excessive heat or if the Main Bearing becomes loose. Refer to Adjustment of the Main Bearing pre-load.

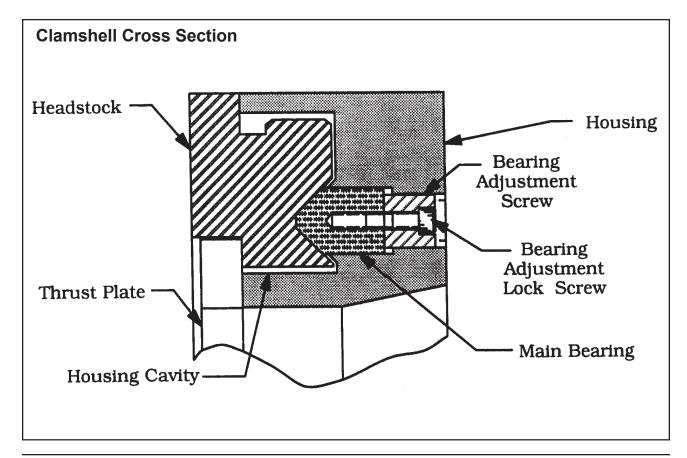
Thoroughly clean and check the Tool Blocks in the event of feed problems.

#### STORAGE

If the Clamshell is to be stored or if it will remain out of service for a significant period of time (30 days or more), it should be thoroughly cleaned lubricated and sprayed with a rust preventative prior to storage.

# ADJUSTMENT OF THE MAIN BEARING PRE-LOAD

Loosen all Bearing Adjustment Lock Screws about 1/2 turn (1 through 30).



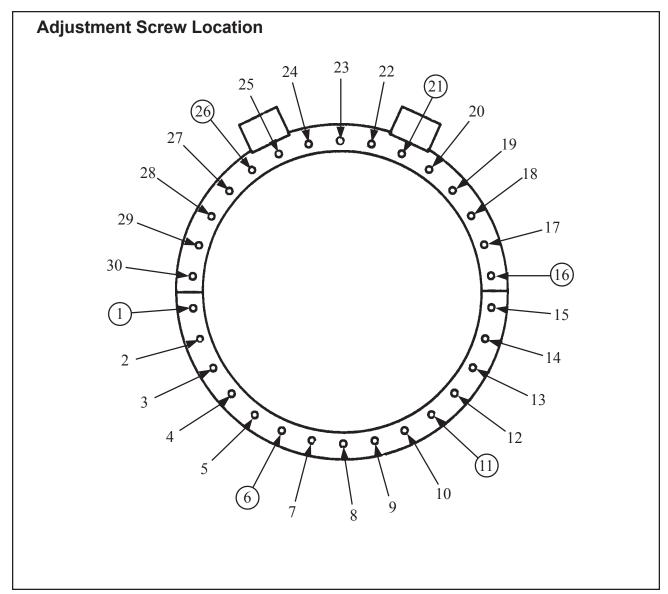
Turn in Bearing Adjustment Screws (1, 6, 11, 16, 21, and 26) so that they are snugged tightly.

This ensures that the Bearings are fully pushed forward.

Lightly turn in the remaining Bearing Adjustment Screws in the order shown until all of the Bearings make contact with the Headstock.

Relax Bearing Adjustment Screws (1, 6, 11, 16, 21, and 26) and resnug them so that all of the Bearing Adjustment Screws are evenly loaded against the Bearings.

Connect the Power Supply and apply power to the Clamshell so that it is running at full speed.



Adjust the Bearing Adjustment Screws (1 through 30) so that the Clamshell rotation slows slightly.

Listen for a change in the sound of the Drive Motors.

Adjust the Bearing Adjustment Screws in small increments so that the Bearings are loaded evenly.

All of the Bearing Adjustment Screws should be snugged to ensure that the Bearings are uniformly loaded.

The safe torque range on the Bearing Adjustment Screws is 2 to 8 in-lbs. (.2 to .8 N-m).

Over-tightening the Bearing Adjustment Screws will result in accelerated bearing wear and lower available power.

Lock the Bearing pre-load by tightening the Bearing Adjustment Lock Screws (1 through 30).

The safe torque should be 5 to 10 ft-lbs. (.6 to 1.1 N-m).

WARNING:

Too much torque may crack the Bearing, while too little torque may allow the Bearing pre-load to relax.

#### INSPECTION OF THE MAIN GEAR

If the Headstock does not run smoothly, even after adjustment, inspect the Main Gear to ensure that no chips, dirt or dust has damaged the gear.

Remove the front Thrust Plates by removing the (48) forty-eight Hold Down Screws.

Lift the Headstock from the Housing. Refer to the Clamshell nomenclature.

The Main Gear and the Main Bearings may now be inspected.

Check the Bearings, Housing, and the race on the Gear.

All surfaces should be smooth, without scratches, and they should feature even wear patterns over the entire surface.

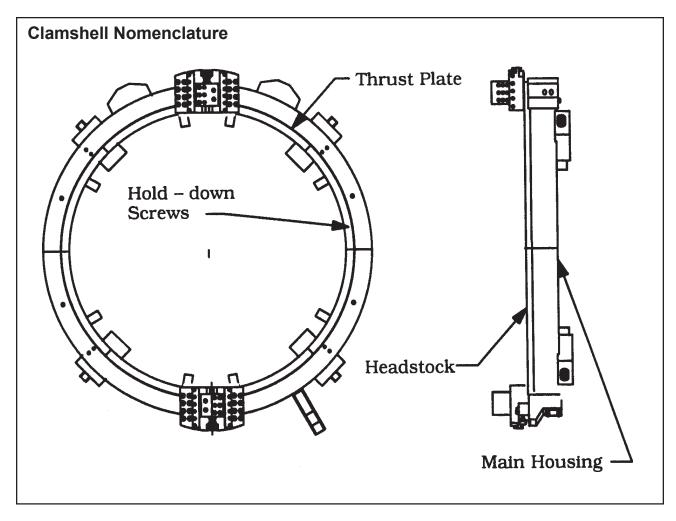
Check the Housing cavity for chips, dirt and/or corrosion.

To reassemble, wipe clean all of the Bearing surfaces and clean the Housing cavity.

Regrease the Gear using a lubricant approved by TRI TOOL Inc. Refer to the Lubricant Recommendations located later in this section.

Place the Headstock carefully back into the Housing.

Bolt the Front Thrust Plates back into place.



If the bearing pre-load was properly adjusted before disassembly, then it will still be adjusted when reassembled.

### DRIVE GEAR AND MAIN GEAR LUBRICATION

Remove the Drive Housing.

Inspect both Drive and Main Gears for chips or burrs and clean as required.

Coat the teeth of the Drive Gear and the Main Gear with a grease which is approved by TRI TOOL Inc. Refer to Lubrication Recommendations later in this section.

#### TOOL BLOCK MAINTENANCE

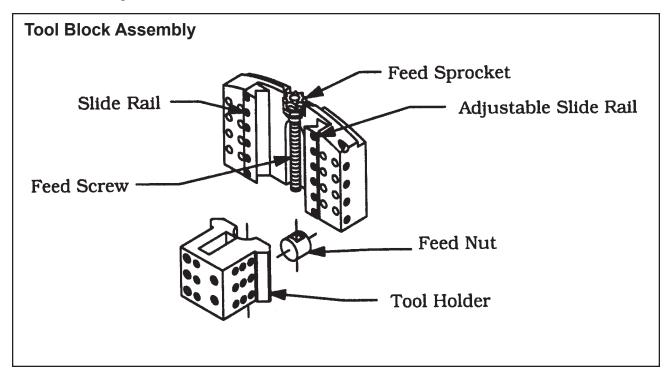
Clean the Slide Rails, the Feed Nut, the Sprocket Assy. and the Feed Screw.

Inspect these parts for damage and replace as required.

Lubricate and reassemble the Tool Block. Refer to the Tool Block Assembly.

# **NOTE:** Use lubricant on the Feed Screw sparingly or wipe to a film condition.

Excess lubricant will collect grit and/or chips and tend to cause thread jamming and/or damage.



Adjust the Adjustable Slide Rail to provide a firm, but not excessive rotational pressure on the Sprocket.

The Slide Rails must be over-tightened to squeeze the oil into a thin film against the male and female surfaces of the Slide Rails.

Reset for proper operation.

NOTE:

If the Mounting Bracket has been overstressed, the Slide Rails may appear to loosen when mounted if they were adjusted off of the Clamshell.

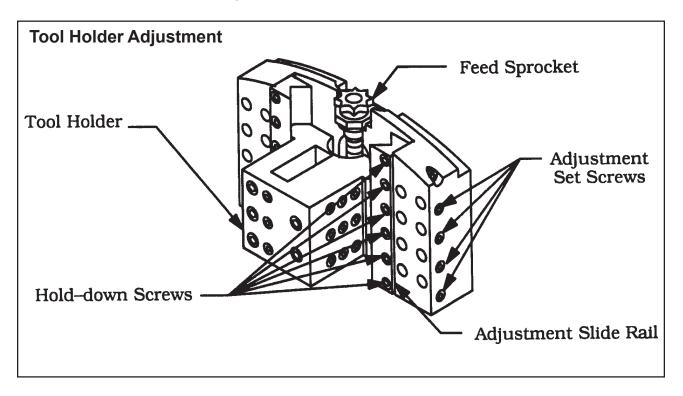
Adjustment when mounted provides the most satisfactory results.

#### TOOL HOLDER ADJUSTMENT

Loosen the Hold-down Screws on the Adjustable Slide Rail.

Run the Tool Holder to the most outward position.

Using the Adjustment Set Screws, apply a light force to the side of the Adjustable Slide Rail so that it is in positive contact with the Tool Holder.



Adjust only those screws, which bear directly in line with the Tool Holder.

Tighten the Hold down Screws to about 12 to 24 in-lbs. (1.4 to 2.7 N-m). (Finger tight using a hex key)

Using the Spanner Wrench, run the Tool Holder to the inward most position.

Note any changes in the feed pressure.

Adjust the remaining Adjustment Set Screws so that the Tool Holder has a smooth, even feel.

Run the Tool Holder the full length of the Slide Rail.

Tightly lock the Adjustable Slide Rail in place with the Hold-down Screws and fully snug the Adjustment Set Screws.

Check that the Tool Holder runs smoothly and evenly for the full length of travel.

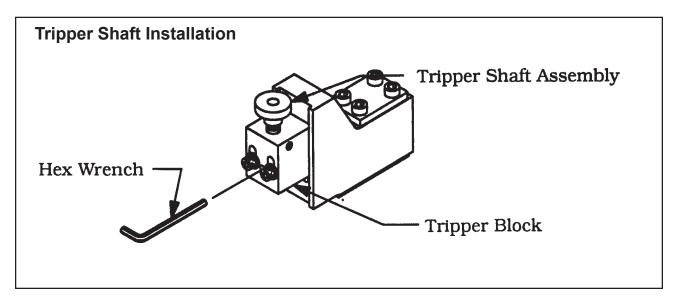
Readjust as necessary.

The Tool Holder should move snugly.

In general, when the Slide Rail is set correctly, the Feed Sprocket cannot be turned by hand but may be turned easily with the Spanner Wrench.

The torque on the Spanner Wrench should be about 2 to 5 ft-lbs. (3 to 7 N-m).

### TRIPPER BLOCK ASSY LUBRICATION AND TRIPPER SHAFT ADJUSTMENT



Back off the Half Dog Set Screw until it disengages from the Tripper Shaft. Refer to the Tripper Shaft installation.

Remove the Tripper Shaft Assy from the Block and clean off all of the old lubrication.

Apply a fresh lubrication to the Tripper Shaft Assy and re-install it in the Block.

Screw in the Half Dog Set Screw until it locates itself in the slot on the Tripper Shaft.

See Operating Instructions later in the booklet for Feed Pin to Sprocket adjustment.

#### LUBRICANT RECOMMENDATIONS

The Drive Gears require a high string lubrication grease such as "Chevron Utility Grease" (P/N 68-0020).

The Slide Rails and Tool Blocks require a light oil such as SAE 10 light machine oil.

The Feed Screw for the Tool Block and the Tripper Block Assy require a SAE 10 light machine oil for normal conditions and under dusty conditions a silicone, graphite or molybdenum disulfide 'dry' lubricant.

NOTE:

A light film of all-purpose grease may be used, but it must be checked for grit contamination frequently.

The bearings in the Drive Motors are sealed and do not require any lubrication.

# **OPERATION**

Read the operation instructions carefully before attempting to operate the Model 636SB Low Profile Clamshell.

Configure the Clamshell for the specific task required.

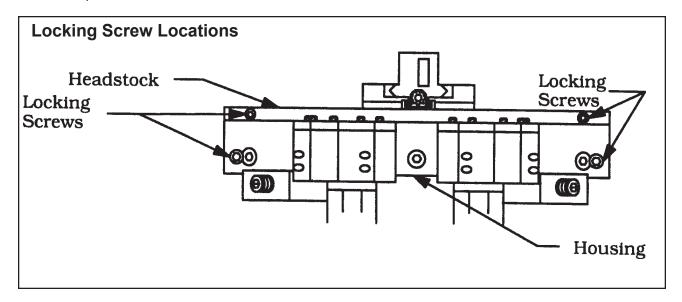
Mount the Tool Blocks and Tripper Bracket onto the Clamshell.

Select and install the proper Clamping Pad Set into the Clamshell. Refer to the section on 'Clamping Pad Sets' later in the booklet.

Do not install the Tool Bits until the Clamshell has been installed on the pipe.

### INSTALLATION OF THE CLAMSHELL ON AN IN-LINE PIPE

Separate the two halves of the Clamshell.



Rotate the Headstock until the split-lines of the Headstock match the split-lines of the Housing.

Fasten the four Lock Blocks from the Headstock to the Thrust Plate on each half of the Clamshell.

Unbolt the two halves of the Clamshell.

Two Locking Screws are located on the Housing and two more on the Headstock. Refer to 'Locking Screw locations'.

These Locking Screws are captured in their holes so that they will not come totally free of the Clamshell.

Separate the Clamshell halves evenly by pulling straight apart.

### DO NOT FORCE OPEN.

#### SECURE THE CLAMSHELL TO THE PIPE.

Clean the mating surfaces and the contact surface of the Mounting Pads and the Jackscrews on each half of the Clamshell.

Wipe clean the mounting surface of the pipe.

Check to ensure that the Tool Blocks will clear the pipe when the Clamshell is mounted.

Close the two halves of the Clamshell around the pipe, keeping the mating surfaces clean.

Check that the Alignment Pins have seated the two halves properly.

Bolt the two halves of the Clamshell together using the Locking Screws in the Housing and in the Headstock.

Tightening torque should be 50 to 60 ft-lbs. (68 to 81 N-m).

Loosen the Lock Blocks, rotate and refasten them to the Headstock.

Using the fully Adjustable Clamping Pads, clamp the Clamshell to the pipe as follows:

Rough center and square the Clamshell by tightening the four Clamping Pads independently.

Check the center and squareness by eye.

The Adjustable Pads tend to square the Clamshell to the pipe.

If additional precision in squaring is required, consult TRI TOOL Inc. about alternate methods of squaring.

Fine center the Clamshell as you would a 4-jaw chuck.

Take measurements from the pipe OD to the Housing ID or use a dial indicator to sweep around the pipes outside diameter.

Adjust the (4) four Clamping Pads so that the measurements at opposing Clamping Pads are the same.

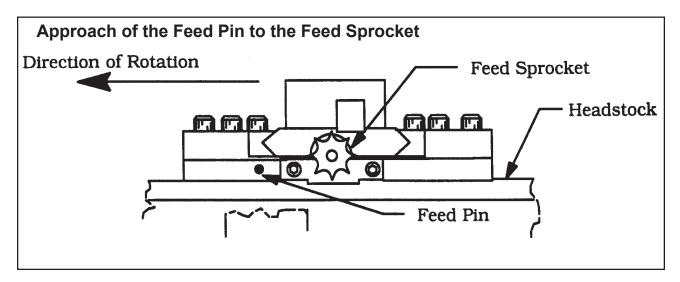
Tighten the Clamping Pads using a tightening torque of 50 to 75 ft-lbs. (68 to 102 N-m).

Tighten the Jackscrews against the pipe using a tightening torque of 35 to 50 ft-lbs. (47 to 68 N-m) for added stability.

### GENERAL MACHINING SEQUENCE

Connect the power supply to the Model 636SB.

Rotate the Headstock slowly with the Tripper Shaft pushed 'in' for one full revolution to ensure that the Feed Pin to Sprocket is set right on both Tool Blocks.



WARNING: You will break the Feed Pin if the Feed Pin to Sprocket alignment is incorrect.

To check the Feed Pin to Sprocket engagement go to 'Feed Pin to Sprocket engagement' later in this section.

Select and install the desired Tool Bit Set.

Refer to 'Tool Bit Set up' later in this section for selection and set-up instructions.

Turn the Drive Motors on to full speed.

Engage the feed by pushing the Tripper Shaft in.

Monitor the cutting operation.

Apply cutting fluid as necessary.

If chips build up so much that they tangle in the Clamshell, disengage the feed for 2-3 revolutions to clear the chip.

Then stop the Clamshell and remove the chips.

Refer to 'Severing' later in this section for specific machining procedures.

# **CAUTION:** In-line pipe stores energy.

When the pipe is severed, the pipe may move.

To prevent accidents due to the spring in the pipe system, be sure to secure the pipe on both sides of the sever line in order to prevent differential movement of the pipe ends.

When the machining operation is finished, disengage the Feed Pin by pulling the Tripper Shaft to the 'out' position.

Allow the Headstock to continue for 3 revolutions to complete the cutting operation.

Turn off the Drive Motors.

Retract the Tool Holders so that the Tool Bit(s) clear the pipe OD.

NOTE:

The Tool Holders are retracted by rotating the Feed Sprocket clockwise using the special Spanner Wrench supplied with the Clamshell.

Run the Drive Motors until the split-lines of the Headstock and the Housing match.

Loosen the Clamping Pads and Jackscrews.

Remove the Clamshell from the pipe.

If the Clamshell must be split to remove it, refer to 'Installation of the Clamshell on an in-line pipe', earlier in this section.

You should have a complete pipe sever at this time.

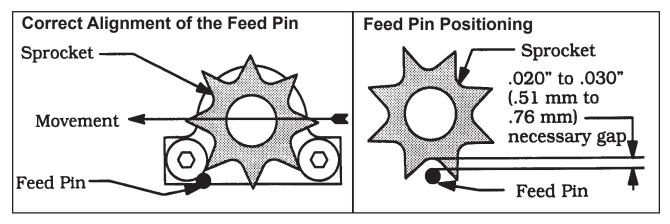
#### FEED PIN TO SPROCKET ENGAGEMENT

Rotate the Headstock until the Sprocket on the Tool Block begins to approach the Feed Pin.

The Feed Pin must not strike the Sprocket Tooth straight on.

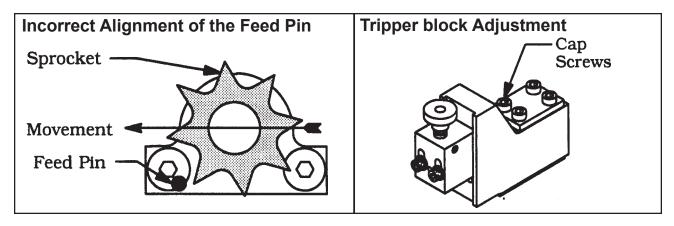
This action would damage or break the Feed Pin and/or the Sprocket.

The Feed Pin must strike the Sprocket on the edge of the Tooth.



See the above pictures for the correct Feed Pin to Sprocket engagement.

If the Feed Pin to Sprocket engagement is not as shown, operation of the CAUTION: Clamshell may cause serious damage or destroy the Feed Pin and/or the Sprocket.



If the Feed Pin to Sprocket engagement is as shown in 'Incorrect alignment of the Feed Pin', then it will be necessary to loosen the four (4) Cap Screws on the Tripper Bracket, so that it may be adjusted to the proper gap [.020" to .030" (.51 mm to .76 mm)] required for proper engagement.

Go to 'General machining sequence' earlier in this section.

### TOOL BIT SET-UP

Select the proper Tool Bit set. Refer to 'Tool Bits' later in this booklet.

The use of dull or improperly designed Tool Bits or Tool Bits not manufactured WARNING: by TRI TOOL Inc. may result in poor performance and may constitute abuse of this machine and therefore voids the TRI TOOL Inc. factory warranty.

Install the Tool Bits into the Tool Holders.

NOTE:

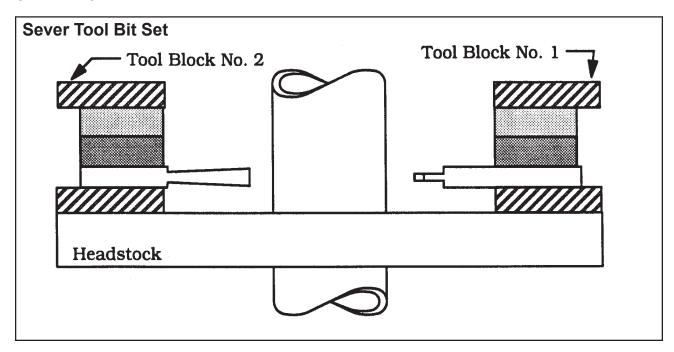
Refer to the section 'Tool Bits' for installation drawings of each of the Tool Bit set-ups.

The wall thickness plus 3/4" (19 mm) of Tool Bit should be protruding from the end of the Tool Holder.

Tighten the Tool Bit Set Screws, then verify that there is adequate clearance between the Tool Bits and the pipe by rotating the Headstock.

The Leading Tool Bit should contact the pipe approximately .020" to .040" (.5 mm to 1.0 mm) before the Trailing Tool Bit.

### **SEVERING**



When the Tool Bits sever the pipe, disengage the Feed Pin and let the Headstock rotate 2 to 3 times to clear the chip.

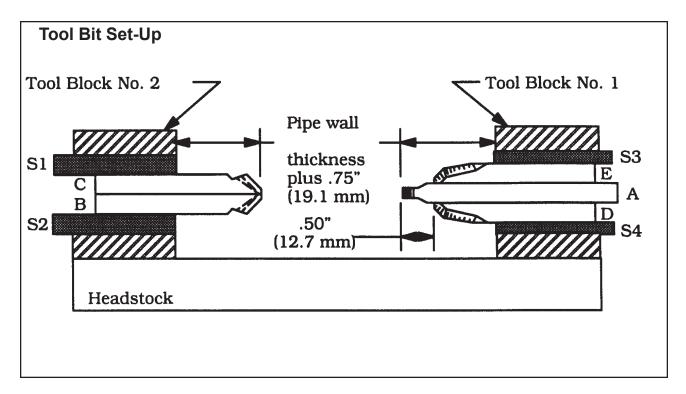
Go back to "When the machining operation is finished.."

### TOOL ADJUSTMENT FOR PART OFF AND DOUBLE BEVEL

Install Tool Bits A, D, and E into Tool Block No. 1 along with two Spacers S3 and S4.

**NOTE:** Either Tool Block may be designated as No. 1.

Position the Spacers flush with the inside face of the Tool Holder.



Position Tool Bits D and E approximately 1/2" (12.7 mm) outward from the cutting edge of Tool Bit A.

NOTE:

Tool Bits D and E will be repositioned to contact the beveled surface as the cutting progresses.

Tighten the Set Screws holding Tool Bits A, D, and E.

Install the Tool Bits B and C into Tool Block No. 2 along with the two Spacers S1 and S2.

Position the Spacers flush with the inside face of the Tool Holder.

Tool Bits B and C should be the same distance inward from the Tool Holder.

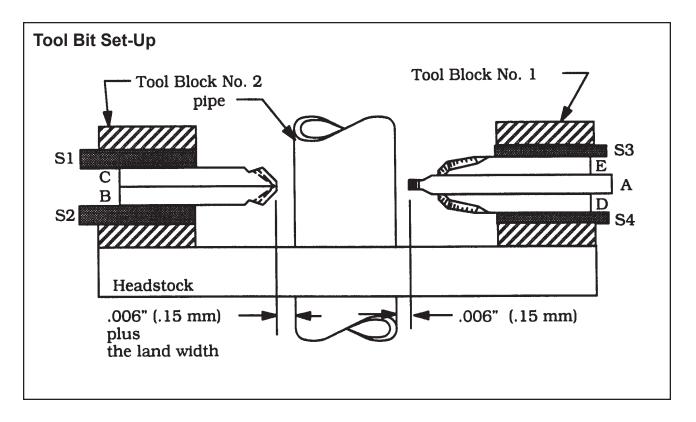
Tighten the Set Screws holding Tool Bits B and C.

Set Tool Bit A to lead Tool Bit B and C by the desired land width as follows:

**CAUTION:** Make sure that the Tripper Shaft is in the 'out' position.

Rotate the Headstock slowly.

While rotating the Headstock, visually determine the point on the surface where Tool Bit A comes closest to the pipe.



Rotate the Feed Sprocket until Tool Bit A makes contact with the pipe.

Back the Tool Holder away from the pipe about 1/4 of a revolution. [approximately .008" (.2 mm)].

Each full revolution of the Feed Sprocket moves the Tool Bit .031" (.8 mm) toward or away from the pipe.

Continue to rotate the Headstock through 360° slowly, in order to verify that the position of Tool Bit A allows .006" (.2 mm) minimum clearance between Tool Bit A and the pipe surface at the closest point.

Readjust Tool Bit A if necessary.

Mark the pipe surface to define Tool Bit A's closest approach to the pipe.

Continue to rotate the Headstock slowly.

Position Tool Bits B and C directly over the mark that you made to define the closest approach of Tool Bit A to the pipe.

Rotate the Feed Sprocket until Tool Bits B and C make contact with the pipe surface.

Back the Tool Holder off 1/4 revolution of the Feed Sprocket [approximately .008" (.2 mm)] plus the desired land width.

Each revolution of the Feed Sprocket moves the Tool Bit .031" (.8 mm) toward or away from the pipe.

Engage the Feed Pin by pushing the Tripper Shaft to the 'in' position.

Rotate the Headstock  $360^{\circ}$  while checking the Feed Pin to the Sprocket engagement.

Initiate the pipe cutting operations.

Go back to "Turn the Drive Motors on to full speed".

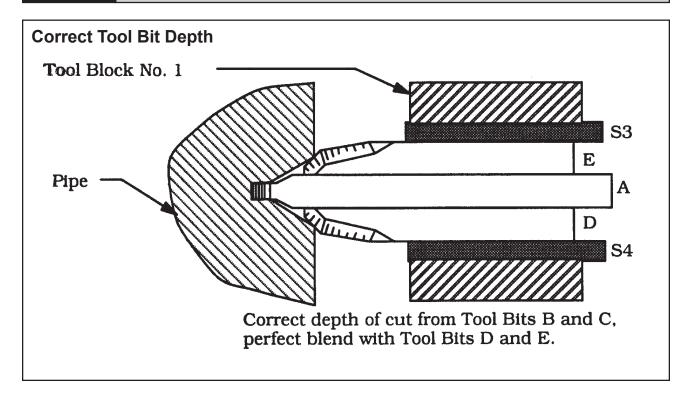
#### RESETTING THE TOOL BITS FOR A BLEND

Loosen the Set Screws holding Tool Bits A, D, and E.

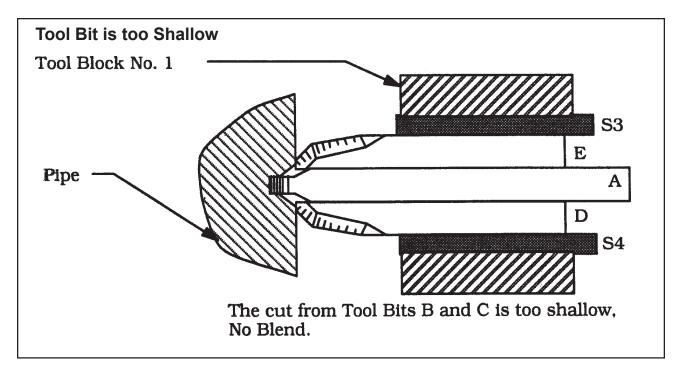
Slide Tool Bits D and E inward until they make contact with the beveled surface formed by Tool Bits B and C.

Two pictures follow, showing incorrect blending of the Tool Bit cut.

# **CAUTION:** Do not move Tool Bit A.



If the cut of Tool Bits B and C is too shallow for a blend with Tool Bits D and E as shown in picture, then proceed on.

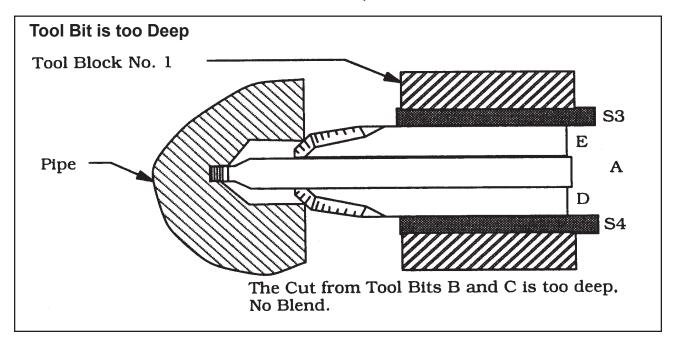


Go to "if too deep a cut has been made....".

Retract Tool Bits D and E without changing the position of Tool Bit A.

Tighten the Set Screws holding Tool Bits D and E.

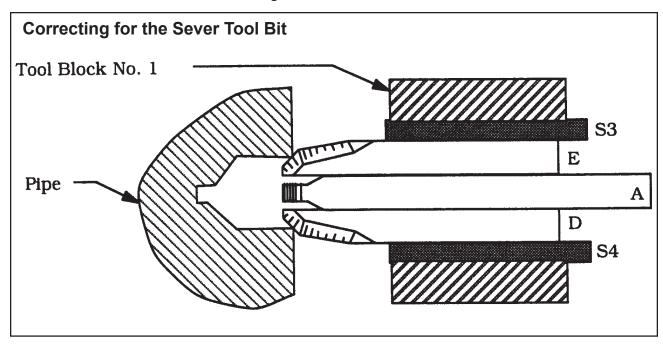
Go back to "Turn the Air Motors on to full speed...".



If too deep a cut has been made by Tool Bits B and C as shown, then proceed to "Loosen the Set Screws...."

Go to "Leave Tool Bits D and E in contact...."

Loosen the Set Screws holding Tool Bits A, D, and E.



Push Tool Bit A back flush with the ends of Tool Bits D and E, which are in contact with the cut edges made by Tool Bits B and C.

Tighten the Set Screws holding Tool Bits A, D, and E.

Rotate the Feed Sprocket of Tool Block No. 2 clockwise so as to move the Tool Holder away from the pipe cut far enough so that Tool Bits B and C will not cut during this recovery sequence.

NOTE:

During this recovery sequence, the only Tool Bits that are to be cutting are Tool Bits D and E so that they may catch up to the bevel made by Tool Bits B and C.

All other Tool Bits must be pulled back from the cutting surface.

NOTE:

When a blend has been achieved, Tool Bit A must be returned to its original position so that the desired land may be cut.

Loosen the Set Screws holding Tool Bits A, D, and E.

Push Tool Bit A forward until it makes contact with the bottom of the slot.

**NOTE:** Do not move Tool Bits D and E.

Rotate the Feed Sprocket for Tool Block No. 2 counter-clockwise to bring Tool Bits B and C back into contact with the bevel that they have previously cut.

Visually check the Feed Pin to Sprocket engagement for Tool Block No. 2.

Leave Tool Bits D and E in contact with the beveled surface made by Tool Bits B and C as shown.

Resume the pipe cutting operation.

Go back to "When the machining operation is finished...'.

# **CUTTING SPEEDS**

The chart shows RPM to obtain specified Tool Bit surface cutting speed on the surface of the pipe.

Cutting Speeds (approximate)					
True D	)iameter	RPM for 200 in/min (508 cm/min)	RPM for 250 in/min (635 cm/min)	RPM for 300 in/min (762 cm/min)	
36.00" 914.4 mm		2	2	2.5	
34.00" 863.6 mm		2	2.5	3	
32.00"	812.8 mm	2	2.5	3	

Use 200 surface inches per minute (508 surface centimeters per minute) for: Stainless steels in general when no coolant is allowed, all heavy-wall tube and some of the chrome/molybdenum steels.

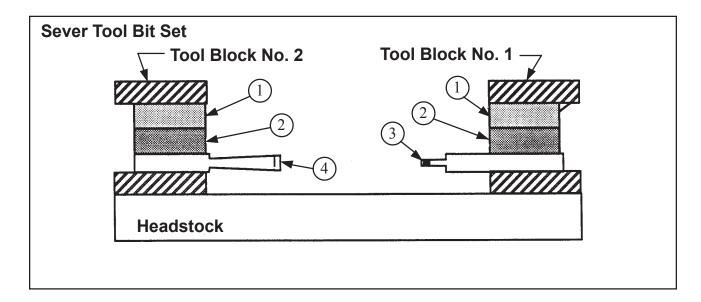
Use 250 surface inches per minute (635 surface centimeters per minute) for: Mild steels and some thin wall stainless steels when coolants are permitted and applied.

Use 300 surface inches per minute (762 surface centimeters per minute) for: Aluminum and thin-wall mild steel and tube with coolants.

# **TOOL BITS**

# **SEVER TOOL BIT SETS**

This Tool Bit Set will sever up to 1 3/8" (35.1 mm) wall with a 1/4" (6.4 mm) wide cut.

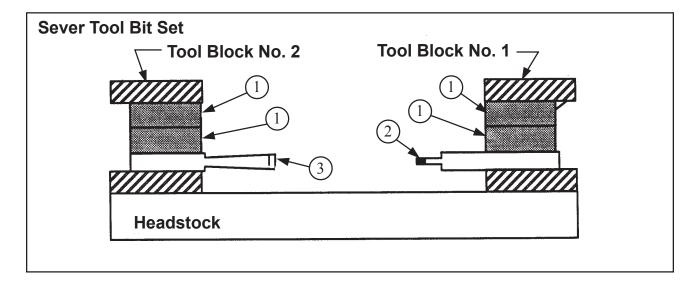


ltem	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
1	30-0225	SPACER	2
2.	30-0310	SPACER	2
3.	99-1209	TOOL BIT, LEADING SEVER	1
4.	99-1210	TOOL BIT, TRAILING SEVER	1

92-0615 : Orig. 951215 31

# **SEVER TOOL BIT SETS**

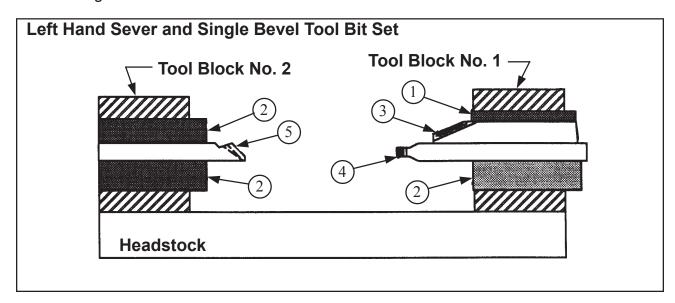
This Tool Bit Set will sever up to 2 1/2" (63.5 mm) wall with a 1/2" (12.7 mm) wide cut.



Item No.	Part No.	Description	Qty
1.	30-0310	SPACER	4
2.	99-0821	TOOL BIT, LEADING SEVER	1
3.	99-0822	TOOL BIT, TRAILING SEVER	1

## LEFT HAND SEVER AND SINGLE BEVEL TOOL BIT SETS

This Tool Bit Set will sever and  $37.5^{\circ}$  bevel up to a 1 1/4" (31.8 mm) wall on the pipe being cut off.

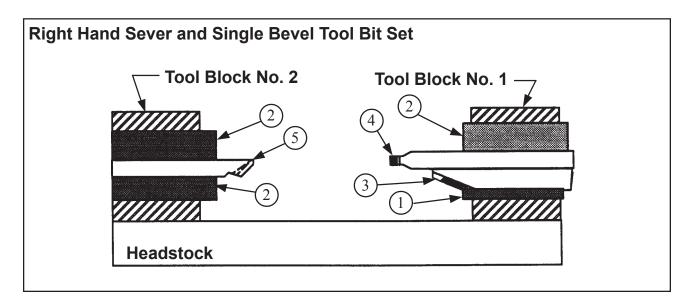


Item	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
1.	30-0223	SPACER	1
2.	30-0310	SPACER	3
3.	99-4347	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL	1
4.	99-4078	TOOL BIT, SEVER	1
5.	99-4082	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL	1

92-0615 : Orig. 951215 33

### RIGHT HAND SEVER AND SINGLE BEVEL TOOL BIT SETS

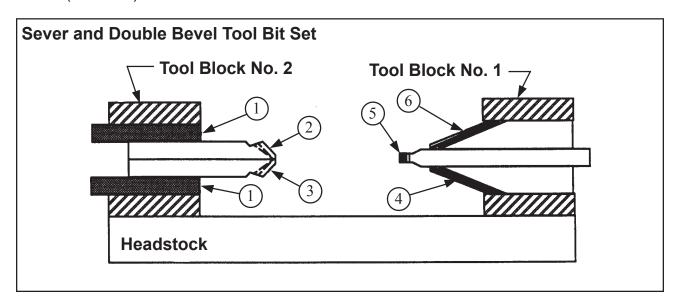
This Tool Bit Set will sever and 37.5° bevel up to 1 1/4" (31.8 mm) wall on the pipe on which the Clamshell is mounted.



Item	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
1.	30-0223	SPACER	1
2.	30-0310	SPACER	3
3.	99-4346	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL	1
4.	99-4077	TOOL BIT, SEVER	1
5.	99-4081	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL	1

## SEVER AND DOUBLE BEVEL TOOL BIT SETS

This Tool Bit Set will sever and  $37.5^{\circ}$  bevel on both sections of pipe up to 1 1/4" (31.8 mm) wall.

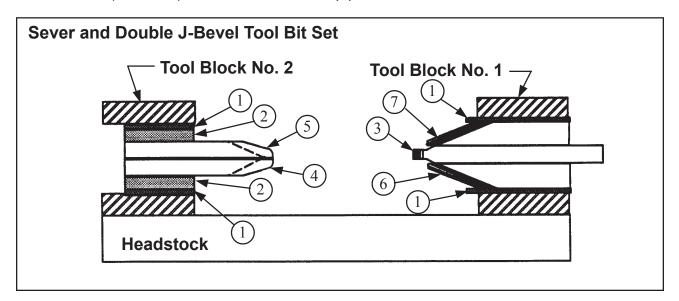


Item	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
1.	30-0206	SPACER	2
2.	99-0561	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL, LH	1
3.	99-0562	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL, RH	1
4.	99-4346	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL, RH	1
5.	99-0564	TOOL BIT, SEVER	1
6.	99-4347	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL, LH	1

92-0615 : Orig. 951215 35

## SEVER AND DOUBLE J-BEVEL TOOL BIT SETS

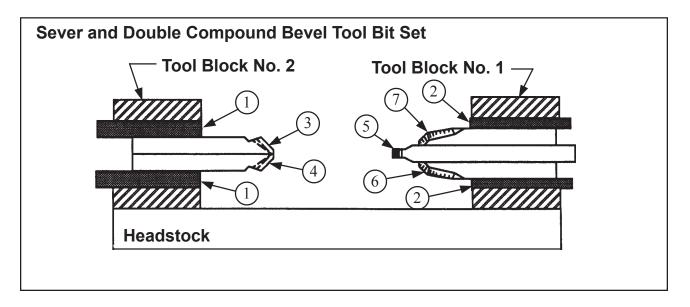
This Tool Bit Set will sever and 22  $1/2^{\circ}$  bevel with a  $3/16^{\circ}$  (4.8 mm) radius J up to 1  $3/8^{\circ}$  (35.1 mm) wall both sections of pipe.



Item	Part	Description	Otre
No.	No.	Description	Qty
1.	30-0223	SPACER	4
2.	30-0206	SPACER	2
3.	99-1524	TOOL BIT, SEVER	1
4.	99-2630	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL, RH	1
5.	99-2631	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL, LH	1
6.	99-2632	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL, RH	1
7.	99-2633	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL, LH	1

### SEVER AND DOUBLE COMPOUND BEVEL TOOL BIT SETS

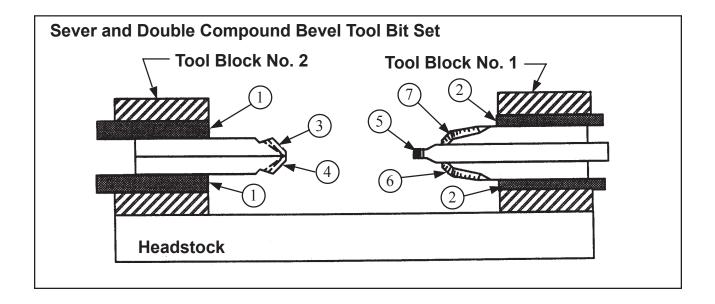
This Tool Bit Set will sever and  $37.5^{\circ}/10^{\circ}$  compound bevel with a 3/4" (19.1 mm) transition up to 1 3/8" (35.1mm) wall.



ltem	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
1.	30-0206	SPACER	2
2.	30-0227	SPACER	2
3.	99-0561	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL, LH	1
4.	99-0562	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL, RH	1
5.	99-0564	TOOL BIT, SEVER	1
6.	99-1661	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL, RH	1
7.	99-1662	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL, LH	1

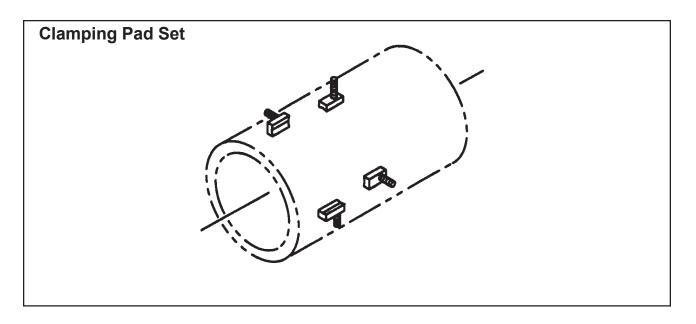
### SEVER AND DOUBLE COMPOUND BEVEL TOOL BIT SETS

This Tool Bit Set will sever and  $37.5^{\circ}/15^{\circ}$  compound bevel with 3/4" (19.1 mm) transition up to 1 3/8" (35.1 mm) wall.



Item	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
1.	30-0206	SPACER	2
2.	30-0227	SPACER	2
3.	99-0561	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL, LH	1
4.	99-0562	TOOL BIT, LEADING BEVEL, RH	1
5.	99-0564	TOOL BIT, CUT-OFF	1
6.	99-1442	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL, RH	1
7.	99-1443	TOOL BIT, TRAILING BEVEL, LH	1

# **CLAMPING PAD SETS**



Clamping Pad Sets				
Pipe Dia.	True OD		Clamping Pad Assy. (4 req'd)	
36"	36.00"	91 cm	26-0480	
34"	34.00"	86 cm	26-0479	
32"	32.00"	81 cm	26-0478	
*Contact TRI TOOL Inc. for sizes not listed				

### TROUBLE SHOOTING

**Problem:** The Tool Bit Chatters

#### Probable causes:

The tool bit is loose or overextended.

The tool bit is damaged.

The tool holder is too loose in the slides.

The cutting speed is too fast.

The clamping pads are loose on the pipe or tube.

Cutting fluid is required.

The main bearing pre-load is loose.

Problem: There is excessive Tool Bit wear

### **Probable causes:**

The pipe or tube material is too hard or abrasive.

The cutting speed is too fast.

Cutting fluid is required.

A dull Tool Bit is causing surface hardening conditions (Stainless pipe or tubing).

There is scale or other foreign matter on the pipe or tube, which is dulling the tool bit at the start of the cut.

The tool bit is incorrect for the material being cut.

Problem: The surface finish is rough

### Probable causes:

The tool bit is dull, chipped, etc.

Metal build-up on the cutting edge of the tool bit is creating a false cutting edge.

Cutting fluid is required.

The cutting speed is incorrect.

Problem: The tool holder is not feeding

### Probable causes:

The feed pin is broken or out of position.

The feed sprocket shear pin is broken.

The feed screw is stripped.

The feed nut is stripped.

The slide rails are too tight.

### Problem: There is a loss of air power

### Probable causes:

The air supply pressure is too low.

The air filter is plugged.

The air line size is insufficient.

The air line is too long.

### Problem: There is a loss of hydraulic power

### Probable causes:

The hydraulic supply pressure is too low.

The hydraulic filter is plugged.

The hydraulic line size is insufficient.

The hydraulic line is too long.

### Problem: The tool bit will not reach the work

### Probable causes:

Incorrect tool blocks are installed for the size of the pipe or tube being worked on. Incorrect tool bit is installed.

### Problem: The hydraulic motor will not start

### Probable causes:

The hydraulic power supply is shut off.

The hydraulic motor is damaged and will not run free.

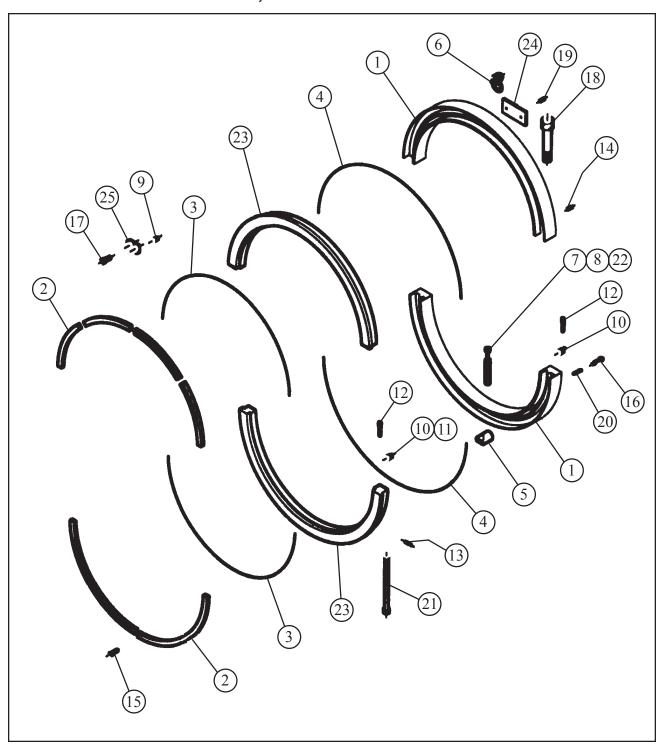
### **ACCESSORIES**

The following accessories are recommended for use with the Model 636SB Clamshell and are available from TRI TOOL INC.

- Model 765RVC Hydraulic Power Supply for single or dual hydraulic drive systems.
   Available in 480 volt, 380 volt and 240 volt configurations
- The 757RSS Hydraulic Power Supply
   For single hydraulic drive systems.
   Available in 480 volt, 380 volt and 240 volt configurations
- Portable Air Filter Caddy (P/N 75-0078)
   For single or dual air drive systems.
   A Filter/Regulator/Lubricator (FRL) is required to protect the warranty on all TRI TOOL Inc. air driven systems.
- Portable Air Filter Caddy (P/N 75-0115)
   For single air drive systems.
   A Filter/Regulator/Lubricator (FRL) is required to protect the warranty on all TRI TOOL Inc. air driven systems.
- 5. Tool Bits (Refer to the 'Tool Bits' section)
- 6. Counterboring Module Kit (P/N 05-1260)

# **ILLUSTRATED PARTS BREAKDOWN**

# MODEL 636SB, CLAMSHELL SUB-ASSEMBLY



# TRI TOOL INC.

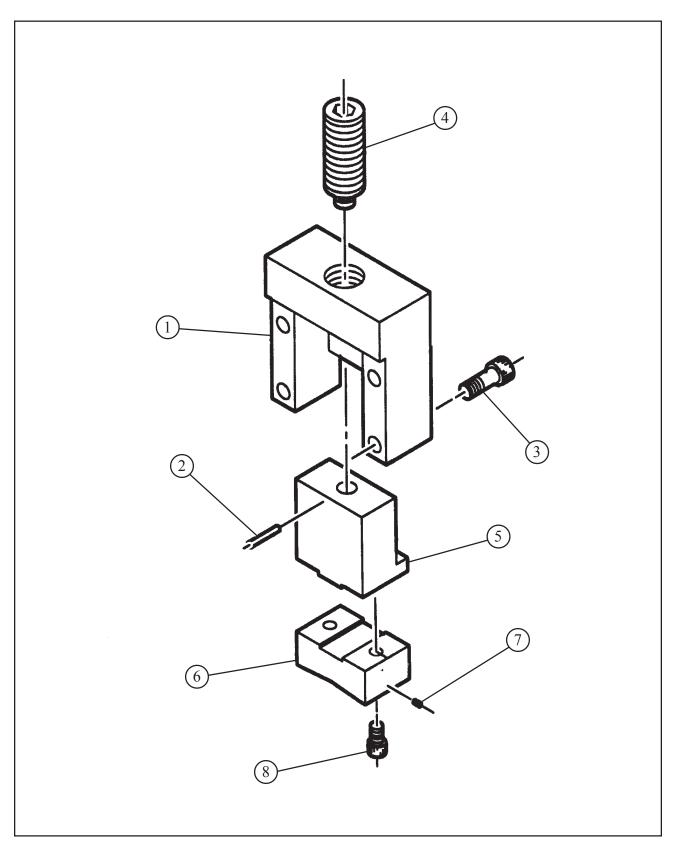
# Parts List, Model 636SB, Clamshell Sub-Assembly

ltem	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
1.	19-0723	HOUSING, MAIN	1 SET
2.	24-1240	PLATE, THRUST	8
3.	28-0027	SEAL, FELT	129"
4.	28-0027	SEAL, FELT	144"
5.	29-0161	BEARING, MAIN	30
6.	30-0304	RING, HOIST	4
7.	30-0615	BALL, STEEL	8
8.	30-0622	SADDLE ASSY	8
9.	32-0105	PIN, DOWEL	4
10.	32-0235	PIN, ALIGNMENT	6
11.	32-0184	PIN, ALIGNMENT	2
12.	33-0021	SCREW, CAP, #8-32 X 5/8", ZP	8
13.	33-0027	SCREW, CAP, #10-24 X 3/8"	2
14.	33-0038	SCREW, CAP, 1/4-20 X 1/2"	2
15.	33-0057	SCREW, CAP, 5/16-18 X 1 1/4", ZP	40
16.	33-0058	SCREW, CAP, 5/16-18 X 1 1/2"	30
17.	33-0071	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 1", ZP	4
18.	33-0184	SCREW, CAP, 1-8 X 4 1/2", ZP	2
19.	33-0351	SCREW, FLAT, #10-24 X 3/8"	4
20.	33-1340	SCREW, BEARING ADJUST	30
21.	33-1827	SCREW, CAP, 1/2-13 X 8 1/2"	2
22.	33-1347	JACKSCREW	8
23.	39-0736	HEADSTOCK	1 SET
24.	44-0385	SPACER, DRIVE HOUSING	2
25.	48-0439	BLOCK, LOCK	4

Parts List, Model 636SB, Clamshell Sub-Assembly, Continued

<b>Item</b>	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
NOT	SHOWN:		
	05-1134	SHIPPING KIT, 636SB	1
	32-0084	PIN, DOWEL	3
	36-0003	WRENCH, L, 3/32" HEX	1
	36-0007	WRENCH, L, 5/32" HEX	1
	36-0008	WRENCH, L, 3/16" HEX	1
	36-0009	WRENCH, L, 7/32" HEX	1
	36-0010	WRENCH, L, 1/4" HEX	1
	36-0011	WRENCH, L, 5/16" HEX	1
	36-0012	WRENCH, L, 3/8" HEX	1
	36-0014	WRENCH, L, 5/8" HEX	2
	36-0015	WRENCH, L, 3/4" HEX	1
	36-0021	WRENCH, T, 3/16" HEX	1
		WRENCH, T, 1/4" HEX	1
		WRENCH, T, 5/16" HEX	1
		WRENCH, 1/2" DRIVE, HINGE	1
		WRENCH, BEARING ADJUSTMENT	2
		WRENCH, SPANNER	1
	36-0116	ADAPTOR, DRIVE SOCKET	1

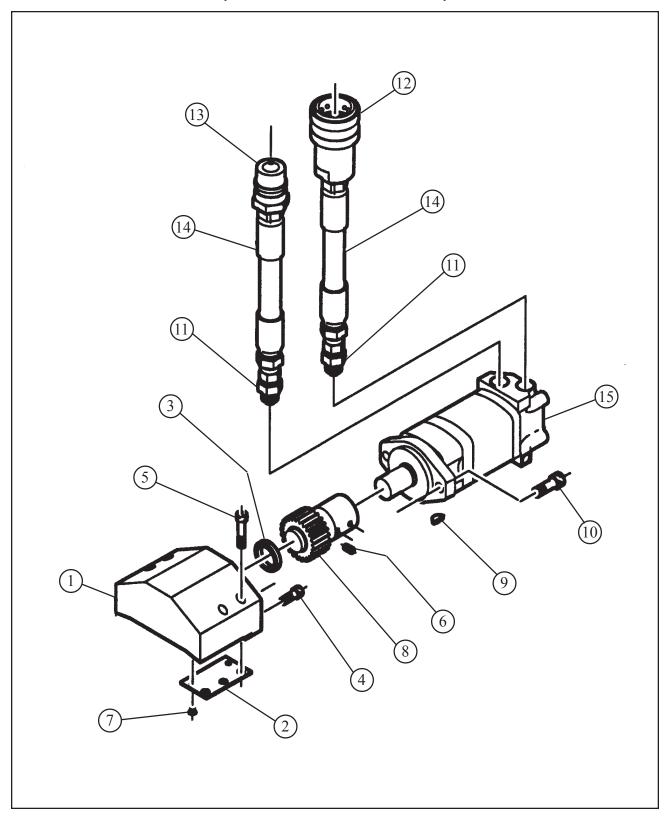
# **JACKSCREW BLOCK ASSEMBLY**



# Parts List, Block Assembly, Jackscrew

Item	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
	00 0000	DI COLCACON OLAMB	4
	08-0092	BLOCK ASSY, CLAMP	4
1.	19-0262	HOUSING, JACKSCREW	1
2.	32-0043	PIN, ROLL, 3/16 DIA X 1 1/4"	1
3.	33-0110	SCREW, CAP, 1/2-13 X 2 1/4", ZP	4
4.	33-1343	SCREW, ADJUST	1
5.	48-0315	BLOCK, GUIDE	1
	26-0478	BAR ASSY, ADJUSTABLE	4
6.	26-0474	BAR, FIXED	1
7.	32-0290	PIN, ROLL, 1/8 DIA X 1/4"	2
8.	33-0077	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 2 1/2", ZP	2
	26-0479	BAR ASSY, ADJUSTABLE	4
6.	26-0475	BAR, FIXED	1
7.	32-0290	PIN, ROLL, 1/8 DIA X 1/4"	2
8.	33-0073	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 1 1/2", ZP	2
	26-0480	BAR ASSY, ADJUSTABLE	4
6.	26-0476	BAR, FIXED	1
7.	32-0290	PIN, ROLL, 1/8 DIA X 1/4"	2
8.	33-0068	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 5/8", ZP	2

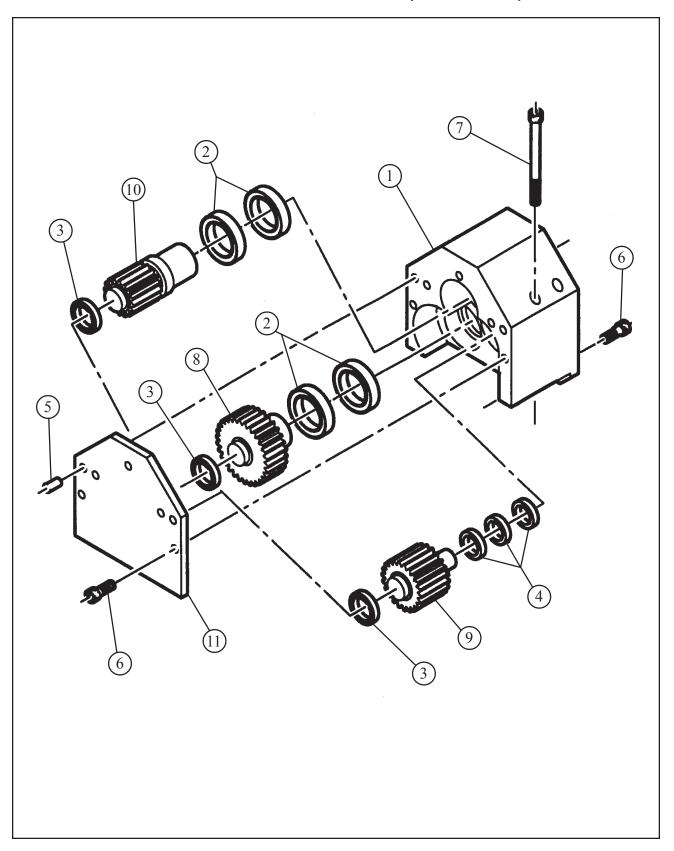
# HYDRAULIC HOUSING AND MOTOR ASSEMBLY (P/N 19-0473 and 56-0044)



Parts List, Housing and Motor Assembly, Hydraulic (P/N 19-0473 and 56-0044)

Item	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
	19-0473	HOUSING ASSY	1
	19-0469	HOUSING ASSY, DRIVE, 636SB	1
1.	19-0466	HOUSING, DRIVE	1
2.	24-0848	PLATE, SHIM	2
3.	29-0093	BEARING, BALL	1
4.	33-0071	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 1", ZP	2
5.	33-0074	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 1 3/4", ZP	4
6.	33-0513	SCREW, SET, 5/16-18 X 5/16", CUP PT	1
7.	33-0352	SCREW, FLAT, #10-24 X 1/2"	4
8.	39-0506	GEAR, PINION	1
	56-0044	MOTOR ASSY, HYDRAULIC	1
9.	31-0001	KEY, WOODRUFF	1
10.	33-0107	SCREW, CAP, 1/2-13 X 1 1/2"	2
11.	54-0002	ADAPTOR	2
12.	54-0333	COUPLER, QD, HYD, DRIPLESS, FEMALE	1
13.	54-0334	NIPPLE, QD, HYD, DRIPLESS, MALE	1
14.	55-0156	HOSE ASSY, HYD	2
15.	56-0043	MOTOR, HYDRAULIC	1
NOT	SHOWN:		
	54-0335	DUST, PLUG, DRIPLESS	2
REFE	RENCE: Hose I	Manifold Assemblies to connect the Dual Hydraulic Motor	rs.
	55-0169	HOSE ASSY, MANIFOLD, FEMALE	1
	55-0170	HOSE ASSY, MANIFOLD, MALE	1
		•	

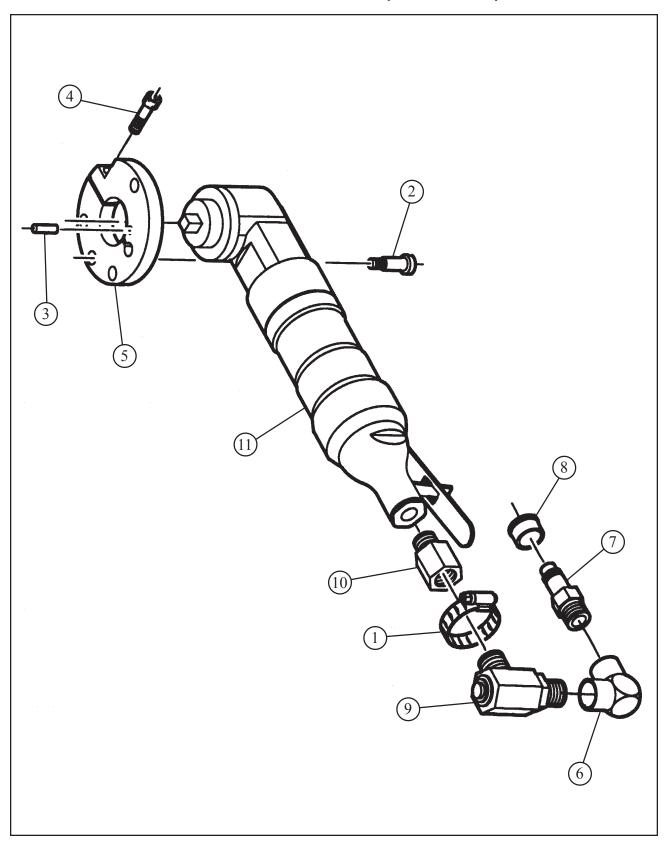
# DRIVE HOUSING ASSEMBLY (P/N 19-0587)



# Parts List, Housing Assembly, Drive (P/N 19-0587)

Part		
No.	Description	Qty
40.0000	HOHOMO	4
19-0263		1
29-0005	BEARING, BALL	4
29-0280	BEARING, BALL	3
29-0162	BEARING, BALL	3
32-0118	PIN, DOWEL, 3/8 DIA X 3/4"	2
33-0071	SCREW. CAP, 3/8-16 X 1", ZP	8
33-0083	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 4 1/2"	4
39-0625	GEAR, SPUR, IDLER	1
39-0626	GEAR, SPUR, IDLER	1
39-0627	GEAR, SPUR, DRIVE	1
43-0382	COVER	1
SHOWN:		
54-0375	FITTING, GREASE	1
	No.  19-0263 29-0005 29-0280 29-0162 32-0118 33-0071 33-0083 39-0625 39-0626 39-0627 43-0382  SHOWN:	No. Description  19-0263 HOUSING 29-0005 BEARING, BALL 29-0280 BEARING, BALL 29-0162 BEARING, BALL 32-0118 PIN, DOWEL, 3/8 DIA X 3/4" 33-0071 SCREW. CAP, 3/8-16 X 1", ZP 33-0083 SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 4 1/2" 39-0625 GEAR, SPUR, IDLER 39-0626 GEAR, SPUR, IDLER 39-0627 GEAR, SPUR, DRIVE 43-0382 COVER  SHOWN:

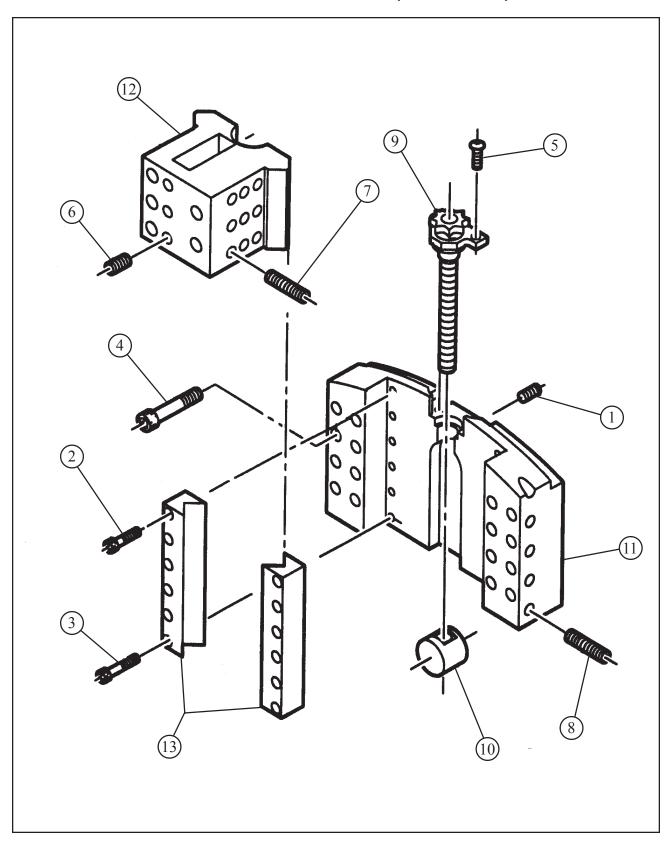
# AIR MOTOR ASSEMBLY (P/N 57-0166)



# Parts List, Motor Assembly, Air (P/N 57-0166)

ltem	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
4	20.0624	CLAMP HOSE	4
1.	30-0621	CLAMP, HOSE	ı
2.	33-0945	SCREW, SHOULDER, 1/2 X 3/4"	2
	47-0660	BRACKET ASSY, TORQUE RESTRAINT	1
3.	32-0257	PIN, DOWEL, 5/16 X 7/8"	1
4.	33-0073	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 1 1/2", ZP	1
5.	47-0658	BRACKET, TORQUE RESTRAINT	1
6.	54-0062	ELBOW, 90 DEG.	1
7.	54-0126	COUPLING, MALE, QUICK DISCONNECT	1
8.	54-0201	CAP, YELLOW	1
9.	54-0204	SWIVEL JOINT	1
10.	54-0329	FITTING, EXTENSION, 1/2" PIPE	1
11.	57-0159	MOTOR, AIR	1

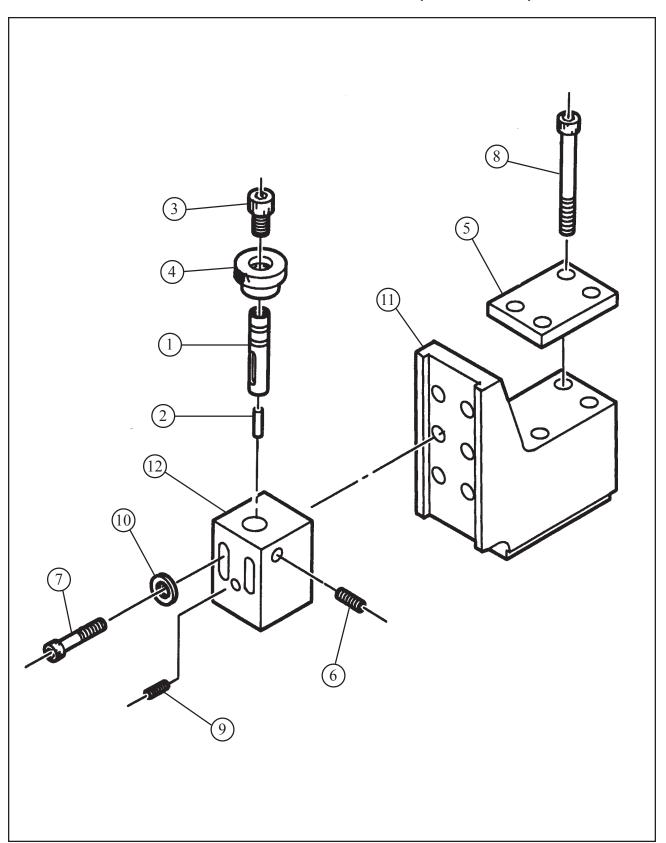
TOOL BLOCK ASSEMBLY (P/N 08-0169)



# Parts List, Block Assembly, Tool (P/N 08-0169)

Item	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
	00 0404	DILINGED DALL	4
1.	30-0464	PLUNGER, BALL	1
2.	33-0042	SCREW, CAP, 1/4-20 X 1", ZP	2
3.	33-0043	SCREW, CAP, 1/4-20 X 1 1/4", ZP	10
4.	33-0075	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 2", ZP	10
5.	33-0287	SCREW, BUTTON, 1/4-20 X 3/4"	2
6.	33-0530	SCREW, SET, 3/8-16 X 5/8", CUP PT	3
7.	33-0531	SCREW, SET, 3/8-16 X 3/4", ZP	9
8.	33-1333	SCREW, SET, 3/8-24 X 1 1/2", HDOG	5
9.	33-1338	FEEDSCREW ASSY	1
10.	35-0204	NUT, FEED	1
11.	47-0445	BRACLET, TOOL MODULE	1
12.	48-0309	HOLDER ASSY, TOOL	1
13.	66-0043	RAIL, SLIDE	2

# TRIPPER BRACKET ASSEMBLY (P/N 47-0447)



# Parts List, Bracket Assembly, Tripper (P/N 47-0447)

ltem	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
	14-0011	SHAFT ASSY	1
1.	20-0023	SHAFT, TRIPPER	1
2.	32-0084	PIN, DOWEL, 5/32 X 13/16"	1
3.	33-0030	SCREW, CAP, #10-24 X 3/4", ZP	1
4.	42-0023	KNOB, ROUND	1
5.	24-0452	PLATE, WASHER	1
6.	30-0125	PLUNGER, BALL	1
7.	33-0046	SCREW, CAP, 1/4-20 X 2", ZP	2
8.	33-0050	SCREW, CAP, 1/4-20 X 3", ZP	4
9.	33-0954	SCREW, SET, #10-24 X 1/4", HDOG	1
10.	34-0026	WASHER, FLAT	2
11.	47-0446	BRACKET, TRIPPER	1
12.	48-0421	BLOCK, TRIPPER	1

# **SPARES**

Recommended Spares for the Model 636SB Low Profile Clamshell

Item	Part		
No.	No.	Description	Qty
1	14-0011	SHAFT ASSY	2
2.	32-0027	PIN, FEED SPROCKET	2
3.	33-0043	SCREW, CAP, 1/4-20 X 1 1/4", ZP	2
4.	33-0075	SCREW, CAP, 3/8-16 X 2", ZP	20
5.	33-0287	SCREW, BUTTON, 1/4-20 X 3/4"	4
6.	33-0530	SCREW, SET, 3/8-16 X 5/8", CUP PT	6
7.	33-0531	SCREW, SET, 3/8-16 X 3/4", CUP PT	18
8.	33-1338	FEEDSCREW ASSY	2
9.	35-0204	NUT, FEED	2